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AAST LIVER INJURY SCALE*

Grade	Imaging Criteria
Ι	-Subcapsular hematoma <10% surface area
	-Parenchymal laceration <1 cm in depth
II	-Subcapsular hematoma 10-50% surface area; intraparenchymal hematoma <10 cm in diameter
	-Subcapsular hematoma 10-50 $\%$ surface area, intraparencity mathematoma <10 cm in diameter -Laceration 1-3 cm in depth and ≤ 10 cm length
III	-Subcapsular hematoma >50% surface area; ruptured subcapsular or parenchymal hematoma -Intraparenchymal hematoma > 10 cm -Laceration > 3 cm depth
	-Any injury in the presence of a liver vascular injury or active bleeding contained within liver parenchyma
IV	-Parenchymal disruption involving 25-75% of a hepatic lobe
	-Active bleeding extending beyond the liver parenchyma into the peritoneum
V	-Parenchymal disruption >75% of hepatic lobe
	-Juxtahepatic venous injury to include retrohepatic vena cava and central major hepatic veins

AAST RENAL INJURY SCALE*

Grade	Imaging Criteria	
Ι	-Subcapsular hematoma and/or parenchymal contusion without laceration	
II	-Perirenal hematoma confined to Gerota fascia	
	-Renal parenchymal laceration \leq 1 cm depth without urinary extravasation	
III	-Renal parenchymal laceration >1 cm depth without collecting system rupture or urinary extravasation	
	-Any injury in the presence of a kidney vascular injury or active bleeding contained within Gerota fascia	
IV	-Parenchymal laceration extending into urinary collecting system with urinary extravasation	
	-Renal pelvis laceration and/or complete ureteropelvic disruption	
	-Segmental renal vein or artery injury	
	-Active bleeding beyond Gerota fascia into the retroperitoneum or peritoneum	
	-Segmental or complete kidney infarction(s) due to vessel thrombosis without active bleeding	
V	-Main renal artery or vein laceration or avulsion of hilum	
	-Devascularized kidney with active bleeding	
	-Shattered kidney with loss of identifiable parenchymal renal anatomy	

Origination date: 01/31/1998 Prepared by: MGR, TRAUMA PROGRAM Approved by: MEDICAL DIR TRAUMA - CARY, MEDICAL DIR TRAUMA - RALEIGH Reviewed: 06/16/2020 Revised: 06/16/2020 Printed copies are for reference only. Please refer to the electronic copy for the latest version.

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AAST SPLEEN INJURY SCALE*

Grade	Imaging Criteria
Ι	-Subcapsular hematoma <10% of surface area
	-Parenchymal laceration <1 cm depth
	-Capsular tear
TT	Culture devices the sector of
II	-Subcapsular hematoma 10-50% surface area; intraparenchymal hematoma <5 cm -Parenchymal laceration 1-3 cm
III	-Subcapsular hematoma >50% surface area; ruptured subcapsular or intraparenchymal hematoma <u>></u> 5
	cm
	-Parenchymal laceration >3 cm depth
IV	-Any injury in the presence of a splenic vacular injury or active bleeding confined within splenic capsule -Parenchymal laceration involving segmental or hilar vessels producing >25% devascularization
V	Any initial in the process of enterior regular initial with active blooding extending beyond the entern
V	-Any injury in the presence of splenic vascular injury with active bleeding extending beyond the spleen into the peritoneum
	-Shattered spleen

AAST PANCREAS INJURY SCALE*

Grade	Type of Injury	Description of Injury
Ι	Hematoma	Minor contusion without duct injury
	Laceration	Superficial laceration without duct injury
II	Hematoma	Major contusion without duct injury or tissue loss
	Laceration	Major laceration without duct injury or tissue loss
III	Laceration	Distal transection or parenchymal injury with duct injury
IV	Laceration	Proximal transection or parenchymal injury involving ampulla
V	Laceration	Massive disruption of pancreatic head

*Advance one grade for multiple injuries, up to Grade III.

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